
Prions are normal proteins present in most of the cells in our body. Every person in the planet has Prions, but does that mean we are all infected by the agent? If the infected region is the thalamus, arousal and sleep disturbances are observed. If the infected region is the cerebral cortex, memory and learning is impaired. If the infected region is the brainstem, autonomic dysfunction occurs.

Normal and healthy prion proteins can be infected if it comes in close contact with an infected region. They become infectious particles. Prions are protein; they have no genetic material and it is normally found in most of the cells in our body. Prions are also normal proteins present in most of the cells in our body. But prions are infectious agents and parasites. All the well-known infectious agents during that time have genetic materials that enable them to propagate and infest the body. The genetic material of these agents were nucleic acids.

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